

On the Existence of Harmonic Solutions of the Forced Liénard Equation*

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In this paper, we present a method to study the existence of the harmonic solutions of the forced Liénard equation's equivalent system

$$x' = y - F(x) + P(t), \quad y' = -g(x), \quad (*)$$

where $F(x) \in C^1$, $xg(x) > 0$, if $x \neq 0$ and $g(x)$ is locally Lipschitz continuous and $P(t) \in C^1$, $P(t) = P(t+T)$, $T > 0$.

Theorem 1. There exists at least one harmonic solution of (*) if

i) there exist $C, M > 0$ such that

$$F(x) - P + C > 0, \int_0^b (g(x)/(C + F(x) - P)) dx \leq M, \quad 0 \leq x \leq b \leq +\infty; \quad P = \sup P(t);$$

$$\text{ii)} \quad \inf_{a \leq x \leq 0} (F(x) - p) \geq -y_0 \quad \text{or}, \quad \sup_{a \leq x \leq 0} (\int_0^x (g(s)/(y_0 + F(s) - p)) ds - (y_0 + F(x) - p))$$

> 0 if $\inf_{a \leq x \leq 0} (F(x) - p) \geq -y_0$ ($-\infty \leq a \leq 0$), where $y_0 = C + M$, $p = \inf P(t)$;

$$\text{iii)} \quad \sup_{a \leq x \leq b} (F(x) - P) \geq y_1 \quad \text{or} \quad G(b) \geq (y_0 + y_1)^{2/3}, \quad \text{where } y_1 = A + \sqrt{2G(a)} \quad \text{with } A =$$

$$\sup_{a \leq x \leq 0} (F(x) - p) \leq +\infty, \quad G(x) = \int_0^x g(s) ds \quad \text{and} \quad G(a) \leq +\infty.$$

Theorem 2. There exists at least one harmonic solution of (*) if there exist constants $C, M > 0$ such that

i) $M - P + p > 0$, $C \int_0^x g(s) ds - F(x) \leq M - P + p$ if $x > 0$;

ii) $|F(x)/g(x)| \leq k$, $M + 1/C + F(\bar{x}) \leq 1/k$ for some $k > 0$, $\bar{x} < 0$ if $x = 0$;

iii) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \sup F(x) = +\infty$.

References

- [1] Villari, G., Zanolin, F., On forced nonlinear oscillations of a second order equation with strong restoring term, (to appear).
- [2] Chen Xiudong, Li Jiaxu, Fan Hongyi, The harmonic solutions of the equation $x'' + f(x)x' + g(x) = p(t)$, (submitted).

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