

# 复调和函数及其在无穷远点的性质\*

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**摘要:**本文讨论了复调和函数在无穷远点的性质, 揭示出有界区域上复调和函数的两类表示式之间的关系.

**关键词:**复调和函数; 无穷远点.

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## 1 复调和函数

**定义** 设  $G$  为平面上的区域, 在  $G$  上给定复函数  $F(z)$ , 它有关于  $\bar{z}$  和  $z$  的二阶混合导数  $\frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial z \partial \bar{z}} = \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial \bar{z} \partial z}$ ,  $\frac{\partial}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} - i \frac{\partial}{\partial y})$ . 若满足复方程  $\Delta F = \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial z \partial \bar{z}} = 0$ , 则称  $F(z)$  为  $G$  上的复调和函数.

有界区域上复调和函数的第一类表示式.

设  $G$  是有界区域, 则  $G$  上的复调和函数  $F(z)$  可表示为:

$$F(z) = -\frac{1}{\pi} \iint_G \frac{\overline{\varphi_1(\zeta)}}{\zeta - z} d\xi d\eta + \psi_1(z) = T \overline{\varphi_1(z)} + \psi_1(z), \quad (1)$$

其中  $\overline{\varphi_1(z)} = \frac{\partial F}{\partial \bar{z}}$ ,  $\psi_1(z)$  为  $G$  上任意解析函数.

复调和函数的第二类表示式.

复调和函数还可以表示为:

$$F(z) = \overline{\varphi_2(z)} + \psi_2(z), \quad (2)$$

其中  $\varphi_2(z), \psi_2(z)$  为  $G$  上的任意解析函数, 分别称为复调和函数的共轭解析加项和解析加项.

## 2 复调和函数在无穷远点的性质

为了研究分片复调和函数及有关的边值问题, 我们必须先搞清楚复调和函数在无穷远点的性质.

**定理 1** 平面区域  $G$  上复调和函数  $F(z) = \overline{\varphi(z)} + \psi(z)$ , 其中  $\varphi(z), \psi(z)$  为  $G$  上的解析函

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数. 若  $z=\infty \in G$ , 且  $\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} F(z) = 0$ , 则有且仅有下列两种情况出现:

- 1) 无穷远点为  $\varphi(z)$  和  $\psi(z)$  的零点, 即  $\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} \varphi(z) = \lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} \psi(z) = 0$ .
- 2) 无穷远点为  $\varphi(z)$  和  $\psi(z)$  的可去奇点, 且  $\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} \psi(z) = b_0$  (有限复常数), 且  $\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} \varphi(z) = -\bar{b}_0$ .

证明  $F(z) = \overline{\varphi(z)} + \psi(z)$ , 分别写出  $\varphi(z)$  和  $\psi(z)$  在无穷远点处的 Laurent 展开式, 有:

$$\varphi(z) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} a_k z^k, \quad \psi(z) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} b_k z^k,$$

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} F(z) = \lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} (\overline{a_k} z^k + b_k z^k) = (\bar{a}_0 + b_0) + \lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} (\overline{a_k} z^k + b_k z^k).$$

1) 若  $a_k = b_k = 0, k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ , 则有  $\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} \psi(z) = \lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} \varphi(z) = 0$ .

2) 若  $b_0 \neq 0$ , 而  $a_k = b_k = 0, k = 1, 2, \dots$ , 则有  $a_0 \neq 0$ , 且  $\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} \psi(z) = b_0, \lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} \varphi(z) = a_0 = -\bar{b}_0$ , 否

则, 若有  $b_n \neq 0, n = 1, 2, \dots$ .

设  $z = re^{i\theta}$ , 当  $z$  沿射线  $\theta = \frac{2\pi}{n}$  趋于无穷远点时, 有

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{\substack{z \rightarrow \infty \\ \theta = \frac{2\pi}{n}}} F(z) &= \lim_{\substack{z \rightarrow \infty \\ \theta = \frac{2\pi}{n}}} \sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} (\overline{a_k} z^k + b_k z^k) + (\bar{a}_0 + b_0) \\ &= \lim_{\substack{r \rightarrow +\infty \\ \theta = \frac{2\pi}{n}}} \left[ \sum_{\substack{k=1 \\ k \neq n}}^{+\infty} r^k (\bar{a}_k e^{-\frac{2k\pi i}{n}} + b_k e^{\frac{2k\pi i}{n}}) + r^n (\bar{a}_n + b_n) \right] + (\bar{a}_0 + b_0) \\ &= 0, \\ &\Rightarrow \bar{a}_n + b_n = 0. \end{aligned}$$

当  $z$  沿射线  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2n}$  趋于无穷远点时, 有

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{\substack{z \rightarrow \infty \\ \theta = \frac{\pi}{2n}}} F(z) &= \lim_{\substack{z \rightarrow \infty \\ \theta = \frac{\pi}{2n}}} \sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} (\overline{a_k} z^k + b_k z^k) + (\bar{a}_0 + b_0) \\ &= \lim_{\substack{r \rightarrow +\infty \\ \theta = \frac{\pi}{2n}}} \left[ \sum_{\substack{k=1 \\ k \neq n}}^{+\infty} r^k (\bar{a}_k e^{-\frac{k\pi i}{2n}} + b_k e^{\frac{k\pi i}{2n}}) + r^n (\bar{a}_n + b_n) i \right] + (\bar{a}_0 + b_0) \\ &= 0, \\ &\Rightarrow -\bar{a}_n + b_n = 0. \end{aligned}$$

所以有  $\bar{a}_n = b_n = 0$ . 矛盾!

**定理 2(有界区域上复调和函数的两类表示式间的关系)** 设  $S^+$  为平面上有界区域,  $0 \in S^+$ ,  $S^+$  上复调和函数有第一类表示式:  $F(z) = T \overline{\varphi_1(z)} + \psi_1(z)$ , 第二类表示式:  $F(z) = \overline{\varphi_2(z)} + \psi_2(z)$ , 其中  $\varphi_1(z), \psi_1(z), \varphi_2(z), \psi_2(z)$  为  $S^+$  上的解析函数. 则有

- 1)  $\varphi_1(z) = \varphi_2(z)$ ;
- 2)  $\psi_1(z) - \psi_2(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_L \frac{\overline{\varphi_2(\tau)}}{\tau - z} d\tau$ ;
- 3)  $T \overline{\varphi_1(z)} = -\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_L \overline{\varphi_2(\tau)} \left( \frac{d\tau}{\tau - z} - \frac{d\bar{\tau}}{\bar{\tau} - \bar{z}} \right)$ .

**证明** 1) 由  $F(z) = T\overline{\varphi_1(z)} + \psi_1(z)$ , 有  $\frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = \overline{\varphi_1'(z)}$ . 又由  $F(z) = \overline{\varphi_2(z)} + \psi_2(z)$ , 有  $\frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = \overline{\varphi_2'(z)}$ , 所以

$$\varphi_1(z) = \varphi_2'(z).$$

2)  $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_L \frac{F(\tau)}{\tau - z} d\tau = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_L \frac{T\varphi_1(\tau) + \psi_1(\tau)}{\tau - z} d\tau = \varphi_1(z), z \in S^+$ . 又  $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_L \frac{F(\tau)}{\tau - z} d\tau = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_L \frac{\overline{\varphi_2(\tau)} + \psi_2(\tau)}{\tau - z} d\tau = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_L \frac{\overline{\varphi_2(\tau)}}{\tau - z} d\tau + \psi_2(z), z \in S^+$ . 所以

$$\psi_1(z) - \psi_2(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_L \frac{\overline{\varphi_2(\tau)}}{\tau - z} d\tau.$$

$$3) T\overline{\varphi_1(z)} = \overline{\varphi_2(z)} + \psi_2(z) - \psi_1(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_L \frac{\overline{\varphi_2(\tau)}}{\tau - z} d\tau - \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_L \frac{\overline{\varphi_2(\tau)}}{\tau - z} d\tau \\ = -\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_L \overline{\varphi_2(\tau)} \left( \frac{d\tau}{\tau - z} - \frac{d\bar{\tau}}{\bar{\tau} - \bar{z}} \right)$$

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## The Properties of Complex Harmonic Functions on Infinity

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**Abstract:** In this paper, the properties of complex harmonic function on infinity are considered, and the relationship between two kinds of expressions of complex harmonic function is discovered.

**Key words:** complex harmonic function; infinity.